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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

 An electroconductive device, comprising: a pair of oppositely disposed electrodes, and a luminescence layer and an electroconductive layer disposed between the electrodes, wherein

the electroconductive layer comprises a mixture of a plurality of organic compounds which are mutually structural isomers and include a major component and a minor component, the mixture comprising the major and minor components in a (major component)/(minor component) ratio of 1/1 to 9/1.

 A device according to Claim 1, wherein the organic compounds are represented by the following formula (1):

single bond.

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- 3. A device according to Claim 1, wherein Ar in the formula (1) is a connected ring structure comprising two fused rings connected with each other via a single bond, each of said two fused rings comprising 2 5 rings.
- 4. A device according to Claim 2, wherein Ar in the formula (1) is a connected ring structure represented by any one of the following formulas (a) to (n):

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wherein CH is optionally substituted with N or NH, and  ${\rm CH_2}$  is optionally substituted with S or O.

5. A device according to Claim 2, wherein Ar in the formula (1) is a connected ring structure represented by the following formula (2):

wherein A and B independently denote any one of phenyl-diyl, pyridine-diyl, pyrazine-diyl, pyrimidinediyl, pyridazine-diyl, indene-diyl, indolizine-diyl,

25 isoindole-diyl, indole-diyl, purine-diyl, naphthalenediyl, quinoline-diyl, isoquinoline-diyl, quinoxalinediyl, 1,5-naphthyridine-diyl, 1,6-naphthyridine-diyl,

- 1,7-naphtharidine-diyl, 1,8-naphthyridine-diyl,
  quinazoline-diyl, cinnoline-diyl, pyrido[2,3b]pyrazine-diyl, pyrazino[2,3-b]pyrazine-diyl,
  pteridine-diyl, biphenylene-diyl, fluorene-diyl,
  5 carbazole-diyl, thianthrene-diyl, phenalene-diyl,
  phenanthridine-diyl, phenanthrene-diyl, anthracenediyl, chrysene-diyl, acridine-diyl, perimidine-diyl,
  phenanthroline-diyl, phenazine-diyl, phenothiazinediyl, phenoxathin-diyl, indan-diyl, coumaran-diyl,
  10 phthalan-diyl, chroman-diyl, isochroman-diyl,
  thiachroman-diyl, isothiachroman-diyl, and
  thiaxanthene-diyl.
  - A device according to Claim 5, wherein A in the formula (2) is quinoxaline-diyl.
    - 7. A device according to Claim 5, wherein R=R', X=X7 and m=n=l are satisfied in the formula (1), and A=B is satisfied in the formula (2) to form a symmetric structure having a center of symmetry.
    - A device according to Claim 1, wherein the mixture of a plurality of organic compounds is in an amorphous state.

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An electroluminescence device, comprising: a pair of oppositely disposed electrodes, and a

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luminescence layer and a carrier injection layer and/or a carrier transport layer disposed between the electrodes, wherein

the carrier injection layer and/or the carrier transport layer comprises the electroconductive layer of the electroconductive device according to Claim 1.

- 10. A device according to Claim 9, wherein the device comprises the luminescence layer and the carrier injection layer disposed between the electrodes, the carrier injection layer being an electron injection layer.
- 11. A process for producing an electroconductive device of the type comprising a pair of oppositely disposed electrodes and an electroconductive layer disposed between the electrodes, said process comprising:
- a step of forming an electroconductive layer comprising a mixture of a plurality of organic compounds between the electrodes, the organic compounds being mutually structural isomers and including a major component and a minor component; wherein

the mixture comprises the major and minor components in a (major component)/(minor component)

ratio of 1/1 to 9/1.

12. A process according to Claim 11, wherein the electroconductive layer is formed through vacuum
5 deposition.

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